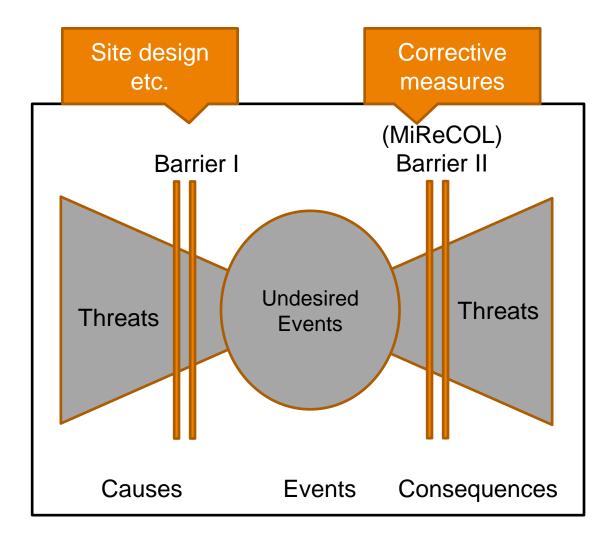
MIRECOL: MITIGATION AND REMEDIATION FOR CO2 STORAGE Filip Neele

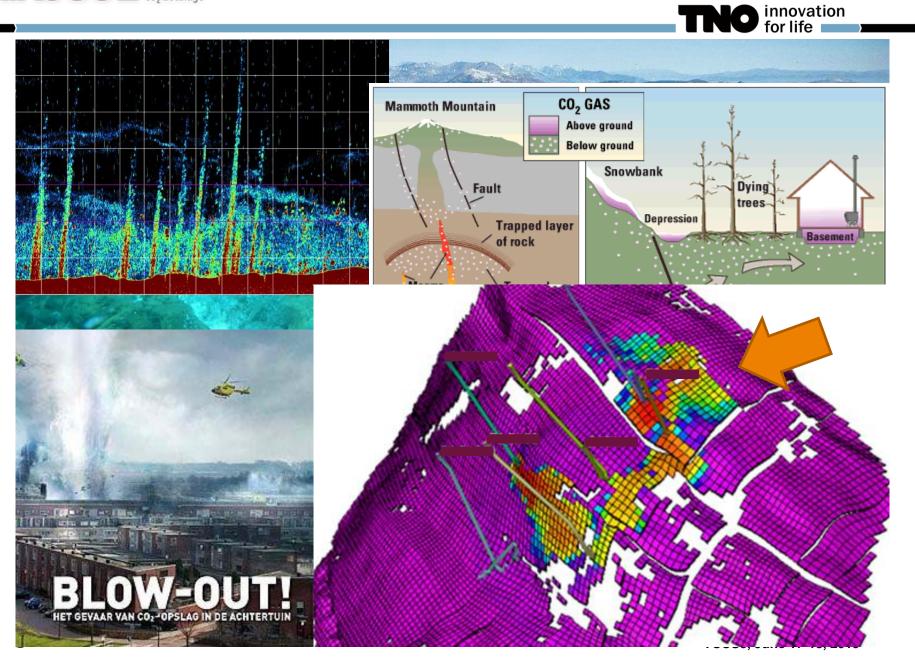
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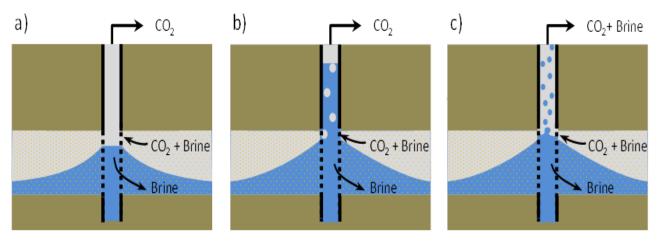






CURRENTLY AVAILABLE TECHNIQUES

- > Existing techniques
 - Pressure management
 - Back production of CO₂
 - > Well remediation techniques





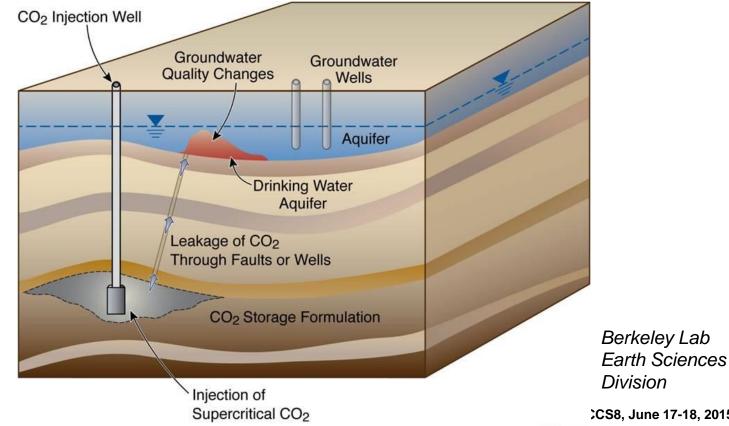
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MIRECOL OBJECTIVE

- To develop a toolbox of techniques available to mitigate / remediate undesired migration or leakage of CO₂
 - Support the definition of corrective measures plans
 - > Help building confidence in deep subsurface storage of CO₂



ESD08-002



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PROJECT APPROACH

- > Central concept is **risk level**
- Merit of mitigation or remediation technique is obtained by establishing overall risk level before and after deployment of the technique
 - > **Unmitigated risk** (i.e., threat or leak has occurred, but no action is taken)
 - Mitigated risk (i.e., residual risk of threat or leak after deployment of mitigation or remediation technique, plus the impact of the deployment of the technique on the risk level of the storage site)
- A mitigating or remediating action should be taken only when the mitigated risk is lower than the unmitigated risk

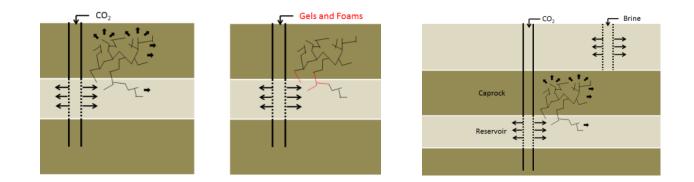


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PROJECT APPROACH

Site specificity vs general guidelines

- The details of threats to safe and secure storage, and of leakage events are strongly site specific, and so are the options to mitigate or remediate
- The project will study mitigation and remediation techniques on a range of real or realistic storage complexes, to derive a range of *site-specific results*, from which more general conclusions will be drawn





MITIGATION / REMEDIATION TECHNIQUES CONSIDERED

- Reservoir
 - Pressure control, flow diversion
 - Back production
 - > CO₂ immobilisation (gels, foams)
 - Nitrogen injection
 - Nanoparticles
- Faults
 - 'Managing' faults
 - Immobilising flow: gels, foams
 - Creating fracture networks

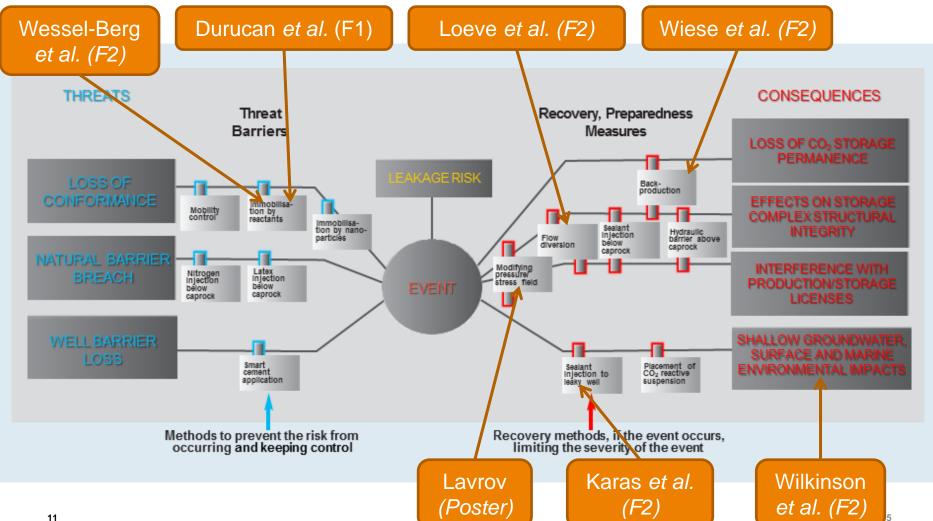
- > Wells
 - Injection of sealants
 - > Injection of reactive suspension
 - Smart cement

- > Field tests
 - Back production
 - > Ketzin 2014
 - K-12b 2014
 - Becej: injection of reactive materials

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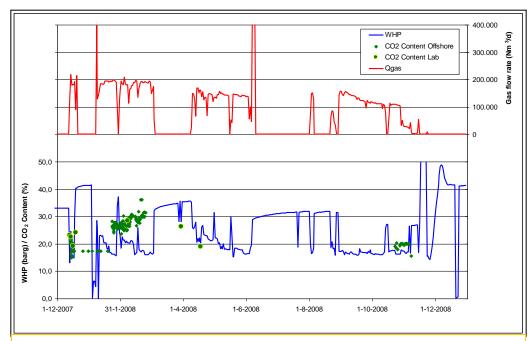








EXAMPLE: BACK PRODUCTION



Gas back production data at K12-B. Data used to assess feasibility of backproducing injected CO_2 as corrective measure Installations at Ketzin (Germany) For back-production test. Data to be used to asses feasibility Of back producing stored CO₂.



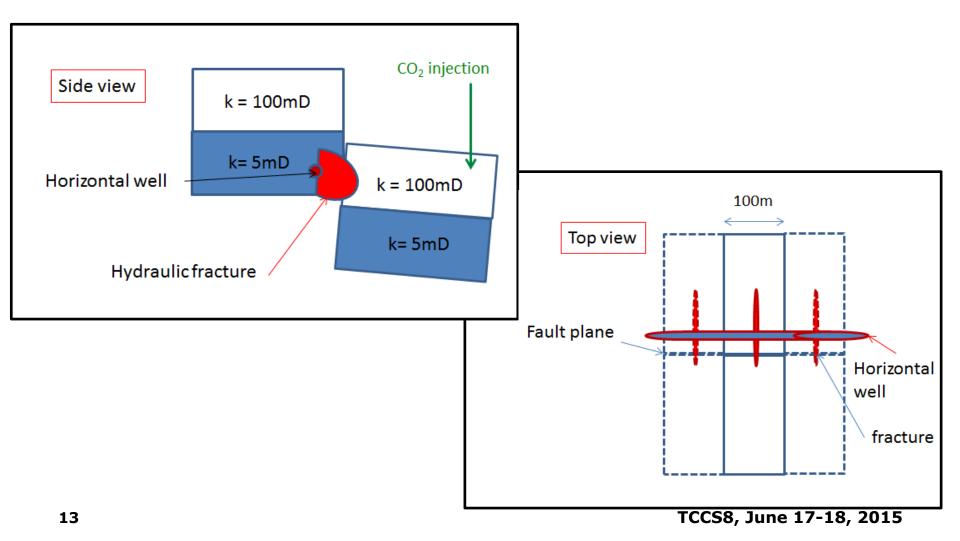
Picture courtesy T. Kollersberger, GFZ

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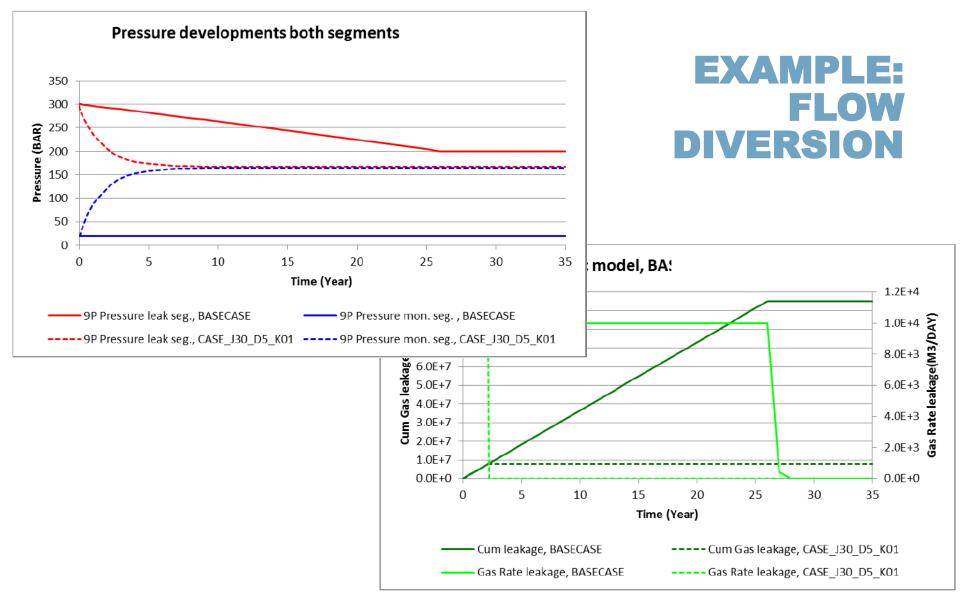


EXAMPLE: FLOW DIVERSION



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RESULT OF THE PROJECT

- "Handbook" of remediation and mitigation options that can be applied in different parts of storage complex, against various leakage scenarios.
 - > Handbook to inform operators, regulators, public
 - Results in handbook based on modelling for specific sites, to illustrate value of remediation & mitigation options
- The Handbook will also be implemented in a web-based tool that allows easy access to the project's results
 - This tool will also support operators in setting up a corrective measures program



MIRECOL – RESULTS, HANDBOOK STAKEHOLDER INPUT REQUIRED

- Project started March 2015, now in second year
- > Technical results available at and of year 2 (March 2016)
- > Year 3 of project:
 - Formulate guidelines for mitigation / remediation measures
 - > Write / implement Handbook
- MiReCOL & CCS projects, stakeholders
 - Interaction needed to optimise Handbook
 - 'Event' around March 2016
 - > Presentation of results
 - Proposal for Handbook
- Discussion with stakeholders

Please contact us! Coordinator: Filip Neele (TNO) filip.neele@tno.nl

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Mitigation and remediation of leakage from geological storage

filip.neele@tno.nl

www.mirecol-co2.eu

